BOOKS

Physical Anthropology and Craniofacial Identification

Blau, S. and Ubelaker, D. (2009). Handbook of Forensic Anthropology and Archaeology. Walnut Creek, Left Coast Press.
Gradwohl, R. B. H. (1954). Legal Medicine. St. Louis, C.V. Mosby.
Hunger, H. and D. Leopold (1978). Identifikation. Leipzig, Johann Ambrosius Barth.
Krogman, W. M. (1962). The Human Skeleton in Forensic Medicine. Illinois, Charles C Thomas.
Krogman, W. M. and M. Y. Iscan (1986). The Human Skeleton in Forensic Medicine. Illinois, Charles C Thomas.
Martin, R. (1957). Lehrbuch der Anthropologie. Stuttgart, Gustav Fischer Verlag.
Oxenham M. (2008). Forensic Approaches to Death, Disaster and Abuse. Bowen Hills, Australian Academic Press.
Rathbun, T. and J. Buikstra (1984). Human Identification: Case Studies in Forensic Anthropology. Illinois, Charles C Thomas.
Reichs, K. J. (1986). Forensic Osteology. Springfield, Charles C Thomas.
Reichs, K. J. (1998). Forensic Osteology: Advances in the identification of human remains. Illinois, Charles C Thomas.
Stewart, T. D. (1979). Essentials of forensic anthropology: Especially as developed in the United States. Illinois, Charles C Thomas.
Welcker, H. (1883). Schiller's Schadel und Todtenmaske, nebst Mittheilungen uber Schadel und Todtenmaske Kant's. Braunschweig, Viehweg F and Son.
Wilder, H. H. and B. Wenworth (1918). Personal identification: Methods for the identification of individuals, living or dead. Boston, Gorham Press.

Exclusively Craniofacial Identification

Buzug, T. M., K.-M. Sigl, J. Bongartz and K. Prüfer, Eds. (2007). Facial Reconstruction. München, Wolters Kluwer.
Clement, J. G. and D. L. Ranson (1998). Craniofacial Identification in Forensic Medicine. London, Arnold.
Clement, J. G. and M. Marks (2005). Computer Graphic Facial Reconstruction. Boston, Academic Press.
Gerasimov, M. M. (1955). Vosstanovlenie lica po cerepu. Moskva, Izdat. Akademii Nauk SSSR.
Glaister, J. and J. C. Brash (1937). Medico-legal aspects of the Ruxton case. Baltimore, William Wood and Co.
Helmer, R. (1984). Schadelidentifizierung durch elektronische Bildmischung : zugleich ein Beitrag zur Konstitutionsbiometrie und Dickenmessung der Gesichtsweichteile. Heidelberg, Kriminalistik Verlag.
Iscan, M. Y. and R. Helmer (1993). Forensic Analysis of the Skull. New York, Wiley-Liss.
Jordanov, J. (2003). Head Reconstruction by the Skull. Sofia, Marin Drinov Academic Publishing House.
Wilkinson, C. (2004). Forensic Facial Reconstruction. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.

PAPERS

Superimposition

Austin-Smith, D. and W. R. Maples (1994). "The reliability of skull/photograph superimposition in individual identification." Journal of Forensic Sciences 39(2): 446-455.

Bastiaan, R. J., G. D. Dalitz, et al. (1986). "Video superimposition of skulls and photographic portraits - a new aid to identification." Journal of Forensic Sciences 31(4): 1373-1379.

Brown, K. A. (1983). "Developments in cranio-facial superimposition for identification." The Journal of Forensic Odonto-Somatology 1(2): 57-64.

Brown, K. A. (1993). "The Truro murders in retrospect: A historical review of the identification of the victims." Annals / Academy of Medicine, Singapore 22(1): 103-106.

Chai, D.-S., Y.-W. Lan, et al. (1989). "A study on the standard for forensic anthropologic identification of skull-image superimposition." Journal of Forensic Sciences 34(6): 1343.

Delino, V. P., M. Colonna, et al. (1986). "Computer-aided skull/face superimposition." The American Journal of Forensic Medicine and Pathology 7(3): 201-212.

Dorion, R. B. J. (1983). "Photographic superimposition." Journal of Forensic Sciences 28(3): 724-734.

Fenton, T. W., A. N. Heard and N. J. Sauer (2008). "Skull-photo superimposition and border deaths: identification through exclusion and the failure to exclude." Journal of Forensic Sciences 53: 34-40.

Ibañez, O., L. Ballerini, O. Cordón, S. Damas, J. Santamaría (2009). "An Experimental Study on the Applicability of Evolutionary Algorithms to Craniofacial Superimposition in Forensic Identification." Information Sciences 179: 3998-4028.

Iten, P. X. (1987). "Identification of skulls by video superimposition." Journal of Forensic Sciences 32(1): 173-188.

Janssens, P. A., C. Hansch, et al. (1978). "Identity determination by superimposition with anthropological cranium adjustment." OSSA 5: 109-122.

Koelmeyer, T. D. (1982). "Videocamera superimposition and facial reconstruction as an aid to identification." The American Journal of Forensic Medicine and Pathology 3(1): 45-48.

Lan, Y. (1992). "Development and current status of skull-image superimposition - methodology and instrumentation." Forensic Science Review 4(2): 126-136.

Loh, F. C. and T. C. Chao (1989). "Skull and photographic superimposition: A new approach using a second party's interpupil distance to extrapolate the magnification factor." Journal of Forensic Sciences 34(3): 708-713.

McKenna, J. J. I., N. G. Jablonski, et al. (1984). "A method of matching skulls with photographic portraits using landmarks and measurements of the dentition." Journal of Forensic Sciences 29(3): 787-797.

McKenna, J. J. I. (1985). "Studies of the method of matching skulls with photographic portraits using landmarks and measurements of the dentition." The Journal of Forensic Odonto-Somatology 3(1): 1-6.

McKenna, J. J. I. (1988). "A method of orientation of skull and camera for use in forensic photographic investigation." Journal of Forensic Sciences 33(3): 751-755.

Pearson, K. and G. M. Morant (1934). "The Wilkinson head of Oliver Cromwell and its relationship tobusts, masks and painted portraits." Biometrika 26: 18-378.

Prinsloo, I. (1953). "The identification of skeletal remains in Regina versus K and Another: the Howick Falls murder case." Journal of Forensic Medicine 1(1): 11-17.

Sekharan, P. C. (1971). "A revised superimposition technique for identification of the individual from the skull and photograph." Journal fo Criminal Law, Criminology, and Police Science 62(1): 107-113.

Sekharan, P. C. (1973). "A scientifc method for positioning of the skull for photography in superimposition studies." Journal of Police Science and Administration 1(2): 232-240.

Sen, N. K. (1962). "Identification by superimposed photographs." International Criminal Police Review 162: 284-286.

Snow, C. C. (1976). A video technique for skull-face superimposition. 28th Annual Meeting of the American Academy of Forensic Sciences, Washington, D.C.
Titlbach, Z. (1970). Beitrage zur Bewertung der Superprojektionsmethode zur identifizierung unbekannter Skelettfunde. Kriminalistik und forensische Wissenschaften. Berlin, German Publisher of Sciences. 1: 179-190.
Ubelaker, D. H., E. Bubniak, et al. (1992). "Computer-assisted photographic superimposition." Journal of Forensic Sciences 37(3): 750-762.
Webster, G. (1955). "Photography as an aid in identification: the Plumbago Pit case." Police Journal 28: 185-191.

Facial Approximation

Anderson, K. J., M. Henneberg and R. M. Norris (2008). "Anatomy of the nasal profile." Journal of Anatomy 213: 210-216.
Brues, A. M. (1958). "Identification of skeletal remains." Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology and Police Science 48: 551-556.
Claes, P., et al. (2010). "Computerized craniofacial reconstruction: Conceptual framework and review." Forensic Science International. 201: 138-145.
Claes, P., et al. (2010). "Bayesian estimation of optimal craniofacial reconstructions." Forensic Science International. 201: 146-152.
De Greef, S. and G. Willems (2005). "Three-dimensional cranio-facial reconstruction in forensic identification: Latest progress and new tendencies in the 21st century." Journal of Forensic Sciences 50(1): 12-17.
Eggeling, vH. (1913). "Die Leistungsfahigkeit physiognomischer Rekonbstruktionsversuche auf Grundlage des Schadels'." Archiv fur Anthropologie 12: 44-47.
Gatliff, B. P. (1984). "Facial sculpture on the skull for identification." The American Journal of Forensic Medicine and Pathology 5(4): 327-332.
Haglund, W. D. and D. T. Reay (1991). "Use of facial approximation techniques in identification of Green River serial murder victims." The American Journal of Forensic Medicine and Pathology 12(2): 132-142.
Hayes, S., R. Taylor, et al. (2005). "Forensic facial aproximation: An overview of current methods used at the Victorian Istitute of Forensic Medicine/Victoria Police Criminal Identification Squad." The Journal of Forensic Odonto-Somatology 23(2): 45-50.
Hoffman, B. E., D. A. McConathy, et al. (1991). "Relationship between the piriform aperture and interalar nasal widths in adult males." Journal of Forensic Sciences 36(4): 1152-1161.
Krogman, W. M. (1946). "The reconstruction of the living head from the skull." FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin 17(July): 11-17.
Maat, G. J. R. (1998-1999). "Facial reconstruction: A review and comment." TALANTA 30-31: 247-253.
Merkel, F. (1900). "Reconstruction der buste eines Bewohners des Leinegaues." Archiv fur Anthropologie 26: 449-457.
Miyasaka, S., M. Yoshino, et al. (1995). "The computer-aided facial reconstruction system." Forensic Science International 74: 155-165.
Neave, R. A. H. (1979). "Reconstruction of the heads of three ancient Egyptian mummies." Journal of Audiovisual Media in Medicine 2: 156-164.
Nelson, L. A. and S. D. Michael (1998). "The application of volume deformation to three-dimensional facial reconstruction: A comparison with previous techniques." Forensic Science International 94: 167-181.
Paysan, P., M. Lüthi, T. Albrecht, A. Lerch, B. Amberg, F. Santini, T. Vetter (2009) "Face reconstruction from skull shapes and physical attributes." Lecture Notes in Computer Science; Pattern Recognition 5748: 232-241.
Prieels, F., S. Hirsch, P. Herling (2009) "Holographic topometry for a dense visualization of soft tissue for facial reconstruction." Forensic Science, Medicine and Pathology 5: 11-16.

Phillips, V. M., S. Rosendorff, et al. (1996). "Identification of a suicide victim by facial reconstruction." Journal of Forensic Sciences 14(2): 34-38.
Quatrehomme, G., T. Balaguer, et al. (2007). "Assessment of the accuracy of three-dimensional manual craniofacial reconstruction: a series of 25 controlled cases." International Journal of Legal Medicine 121: 469-475.
Quatrehomme, G., S. Cotin, et al. (1997). "A fully three-dimensional method for facial reconstruction based on deformable models." Journal of Forensic Sciences 42(2): 649-652.
Quatrehomme, G. and M. Y. Iscan (2000). Computerized facial reconstruction. Encyclopedia of Forensic Sciences. J. A. Siegel, P. J. Saukko and G. C. Knupfer. San Diego, Academic Press: 773-779.
Rhine, J. S. (1990). "Coming to terms with facial reproduction." Journal of Forensic Sciences 35(4): 960-963.
Rynn, C. and C. M. Wilkinson (2006). "Appraisal of traditional and recently proposed relationships between the hard and soft dimensions of the nose in profile." American Journal of Physical Anthropology 130: 364-373.
Rynn, C., C. M. Wilkinson, H. L. Peters (2009). "Prediction of nasal morphology from the skull." Forensic Science Medicine and Pathology 6: 20-34.
Snow, C. C., B. P. Gatliff, et al. (1970). "Reconstruction of facial features from the skull: An evaluation of its usefulness in forensic anthropology." American Journal of Physical Anthropology 33(2): 221-228.
Stadmuller, F. (1932). "Identitatsprufung bei corliegendem Erkennungsdienst-Photogramm des vielleicht als ehemaliger Trager in Frage kommenden Individuum." Dtsch Z Ges Gerichtl Med 20: 33-52.
Starbuck, J. M. and R. E. Ward (2007). "The affect of tissue depth variation on craniofacial reconstructions." Forensic Science International 172: 130-136.
Stephan, C. N. and M. Henneberg (2001). "Building faces from dry skulls: Are they recognized above chance rates?" Journal of Forensic Sciences 46(3): 432-440.
Stephan, C. N. (2002). "Do resemblance ratings measure the accuracy of facial approximations." Journal of Forensic Sciences 47(2): 239-243.
Stephan, C. N. (2002). "Facial Approximation: Falsification of globe projection guideline by exophthalmometry literature." Journal of Forensic Sciences 47(4): 1-6.
Stephan, C. N. (2002). "Position of superciliare in relation to the lateral iris: Testing a suggested facial approximation guideline." Forensic Science International 130: 29-33.
Stephan, C. N. (2003). "Anthropological facial "reconstruction" - Recognizing the fallacies, "unembracing" the error, and realizing method limits." Science and Justice 43(4): 193-199.
Stephan, C. N. (2003). "Facial approximation: An evaluation of mouth width determination." American Journal of Physical Anthropology 121(1): 48-57.
Stephan, C. N. (2006). "Beyond the sphere of the English facial approximation literature: ramifications of German papers on Western method concepts." Journal of Forensic Sciences 51(4): 736-739.
Stephan, C. N. (2009). "The accuracy of facial 'reconstruction': a review of the published data and their interpretive value." Minerva Medicolegale 129: 47-60.
Stephan, CN. (2010). "The human masseter muscle and its biological correlates: a review of published data pertinent to face prediction" Forensic Science International.201: 153-159.
Stephan, C. N. and R. S. Arthur (2006). "Assessing facial approximation accuracy: how do resemblance ratings of disparate faces compare to recognition tests?" Forensic Science International 159S: S159-S163.
Stephan, C. N. and J. Cicolini (2008). "Measuring the accuracy of facial approximations: a comparative study of resemblance rating and face array methods." Journal of Forensic Sciences 53: 58-64.
Stephan, CN., J. Cicolini (2010). "The reproducibility of facial approximation accuracy results generated from photo-spread tests" Forensic Science International. 201: 133-137.
Stephan, C. N. and P. L. Davidson (2008). "The Placement of the Human Eyeball and Canthi in Craniofacial Identification." Journal of Forensic Sciences 53: 612-619.

Stephan, C.N., and M. Devine (2009). "The superficial temporal fat pad and its ramifications for temporalis muscle construction in facial approximation." Forensic Sceince International 191: 70-79.
Stephan, C. N. and M. Henneberg (2003). "Predicting mouth width from inter-canine width - A 75% rule." Journal of Forensic Sciences 48(4): 725-727.
Stephan, C. N., M. Henneberg, et al. (2003). "Predicting nose projection and pronasale position in facial approximation: A test of published methods and proposal of new guidelines." American Journal of Physical Anthropology 122: 240-250.
Stephan, C. N. and M. Henneberg (2006). "Recognition by facial approximation: case specific examples and empirical tests." Forensic Science International 156: 182-191.
Stephan, C. N., A. J. R. Huang and P. L. Davidson (2009). "Further evidence on the anatomical placement of the human eyeball for facial approximation and craniofacial superimposition." Journal of Forensic Sciences 54: 267-269.
Stephan, C. N. and S. J. Murphy (2008). "Mouth width prediction in craniofacial identification: cadaver tests of four recent methods, including two techniques for edentulous skulls." Journal of Forensic Odonto-Stomatology 27: 2-7.
Stewart, T. D. (1983). "The points of attachment of the palpebral ligaments: Their use in facial reconstructions on the skull." Journal of Forensic Sciences 28(4): 858-863.
Suk, V. (1935). "Fallacies of anthropological identifications." Publications de la Facultae des sciences de l'Universitae Masaryk 207: 3-18.
Suzuki, T. (1973). "Reconstitution of a skull." International Criminal Police Review 264: 76-80.
Tilotta, FM., et al. (2010). "A local technique based on vectorized surfaces for craniofacial reconstruction." Forensic Science International. 200: 50-59.
Tilotta, F., R. Richard, J. Glaunés, M. Berar, S. Gey, S. Verdeille, Y. Rozenholc, J.F. Gaudy (2009). "Construction and analysis of a head CT-scan database for craniofacial reconstruction". Forensic Science International 191: 112.e1-112.e12.
Turner, W. D., R. E. B. Brown, et al. (2005). "A novel method of automated skull registration for forensic facial approximation." Forensic Science International 154: 149-158.
Tyrrell, J., M. P. Evison, et al. (1997). "Forensic three-dimensional facial reconstruction: Historical review and contemporary developments." Journal of Forensic Sciences 42(4): 653-661.
Ubelaker, D. H. and G. O'Donnell (1992). "Computer-assisted facial reproduction." Journal of Forensic Sciences 37(1): 155-162.
Ubelaker, D. H. (1993). "Facial reconstruction." Journal of Forensic Sciences 37: 1442-1444.
Ullrich, H. (1958). "Die methodischen Grundlagen des plastischen Rekonstruktionsverfahrens nach Gerasimov." Zeitschrift fur Morpholologie und Anthropologie 49(2): 245-258.
Ullrich, H. (1966). "Kritische Bemerkungen zur plastischen Rekonstruktionsmethode nach Gerasimov auf Grund personlicher Erfahrugen." Ethnographisch-archäologische Zeitschrift 7: 111-123.
Ullrich, H. (1967). Plastische Gesichtsrekonstructionen urgeschichtlicher Menschen nach der Methode von Gerasimov. Neue Museumskunde. Kothen, VEB Deutsche Verlag der Wisenschaften: 456-475.
Vanezis, P., R. W. Blowes, et al. (1989). "Application of 3-D computer graphics for facial reconstruction and comparison with sculpting techniques." Forensic Science International 42(1): 69-84.
Vanezis, M. and P. Vanezis (2000). "Cranio-facial reconstruction in forensic identification - Historical development and a review of current practice." Medicine, Science and the Law 40(3): 197-205.
Vanezis, P., M. Vanezis, et al. (2000). "Facial reconstruction using 3-D computer graphics." Forensic Science International 108: 81-95.
Verzé, L. (2009). "History of facial reconstruction". Acta Bio Medica 80: 5-12.
Wilkinson, C. (2010). "Facial reconstruction - anatomical art or artistic anatomy?" Journal of Anatomy. 216: 235-250.

Wilkinson, C. M. and S. A. Mautner (2003). "Measurement of eyeball protrusion and its application in facial reconstruction." Journal of Forensic Sciences 48(1): 12-16.
Wilkinson, C. and R. Neave (2003). "The reconstruction of a face showing a healed wound." Journal of Archaeological Science 30(10): 1343-1348.
Wilkinson, C. M., M. Motwani, et al. (2003). "The relationship between the soft tissues and the skeletal detail of the mouth." Journal of Forensic Sciences 48(4): 728-732.
Wilkinson, C., C. Rynn, et al. (2006). "A blind accuracy assessment of computer-modeled forensic facial reconstruction using computed tomography data from live subjects." Forensic Science, Medicine, and Pathology 2(3): 179-187.

Soft Tissue Depth

Aulsebrook, W. A., P. J. Becker, et al. (1996). "Facial soft-tissue thickness in the adult male zulu." Forensic Science International 79: 83-102.
Birkner, F. (1904). "Beitrage zur rassenanatomie der gesichtsweichteile." Corr Bl Anthrop Ges Jhg 34: 163-165.
Burkitt, A. N. and G. H. S. Lightoller (1923). "Preliminary observations on the nose of the Australian aboriginal with a table of aboriginal head measurements." Journal of Anatomy 57(3): 295-312.
Codinha, S. (2009). "Facial soft tissue thicknesses for the Portuguese adult population." Forensic Science International 185: 80.e1-80.e7.
Czekanowski, J. (1907). "Untersuchungen uber das Verhaltnis der Kopfmafse zu den Schadelmafsen." Archiv fur Anthropologie 6: 42-89.
De Greef, S., P. Claes, et al. (2006). "Large-scale in-vivo Caucasian soft tissue thickness database for craniofacial reconstruction." Forensic Science International 159S: S126-S146.
De Greef, S., D. Vandermeulen, et al. (2009). "The influence of sex, age and body mass index on facial soft tissue depths." Forensic Science, Medicine and Pathology 5: 60-65.
Domaracki, M. and C. N. Stephan (2006). "Facial soft tissue thicknesses in Australian adult cadavers." Journal of Forensic Sciences 51(1): 5-10.
Dumont, E. R. (1986). "Mid-facial tissue depths of white children: An aid in facial feature reconstruction." Journal of Forensic Sciences 31(4): 1463-1469.
Edelman, H. (1938). "Die profilanalyse: Eine studie an photographischen und rontgenographischen durchdringungsbildern." Zeitschrift fur Morpholologie und Anthropologie 37: 166-188.
El-Mehallawi, I. H. and E. M. Soliman (2001). "Ultrasonic assessment of facial soft tissue thickness in adult Egyptians." Forensic Science International 117: 99-107.
Formby, W. A., R. S. Nanda, et al. (1994). "Longitudinal changes in the adult facial profile." American Journal of Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics 105: 464-476.
Fourie, Z., et al. (2010). "Accuracy and reliability of facial soft tissue depth measurements using cone beam computer tomography." Forensic Science International.199: 9-14.
Fischer (1905). "Anatomische Untersuchungen an den Kopfweichteilen zweier Papua." Corr.BL.Anthrop Ges Jhg 36: 118-122.
Garlie, T. N. and S. R. Saunders (1999). "Midline facial tissue thicknesses of subadults from a longitudinal radiographic study." Journal of Forensic Sciences 44(1): 61-67.
George, R. M. (1987). "The lateral craniographic method of facial reconstruction." Journal of Forensic Sciences 32(5): 1305-1330.
Genecov, J. S., P. M. Sinclair, et al. (1990). "Development of the nose and soft tissue profile." The Angle Orthodontist 60(3): 191-198.
Helwin, H. (1969). "Die profilanalyse, eine Moglichkeit der identifizierung unbekannter Schadel." Gegenbaurs Morphologisches Jahrbuch 113: 467-499.

Hillesund, E., D. Fjeld, et al. (1978). "Reliability of soft-tissue profile in cephalometrics." American Journal of Orthodontics 74(5): 537-550.
His, W. (1895). "Anatomische Forschungen uber Johann Sebastian Bach's Gebeine und Antlitz nebst Bemerkungen uber dessen Bilder." Abh MathPhysikal Kl Kgl Sachs Ges Wiss 22: 379-420.
Kasai, K. (1998). "Soft tissue adaptability to hard tissues in facial profile." American Journal of Dentofacial Orthopedics 113: 674-684.
Kollmann, J. and W. Buchly (1898). "Die Persistenz der Rassen und die Reconstruction der Physiognomie prahistorischer Schadel." Archives fur Anthropologie 25: 329-359.
Lebedinskaya, G. V. and E. V. Veselovskaya (1986). "Ultrasonic measurements of the thickness of soft facial tissue among the Bashkirs." Annales Academiae Scientiarium Fennicae Ser.A. 5 Medica 175: 91-95.
Ligthelm-Bakker, A. S. W. M. R., B. Prahl-Andersen, et al. (1991). "A new method for locating anterior skeletal landmarks from soft tissue measurements." Journal de Biologie Buccale 19: 283-290.
Manhein, M. H., G. A. Listi, et al. (2000). "In vivo facial tissue depth measurements for children and adults." Journal of Forensic Sciences 45(1): 48-60.
Michelow, B. J. and B. Guyuron (1995). "The chin: skeletal and soft-tissue components." Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery 95(3): 473-478.
Montagu, M. F. A. (1947). "A study of man embracing error." Technology Review 49: 345-347.
Miyasaka, S. (1999). "Progress in facial reconstruction technology." Forensic Science Review 11(1): 50-90.
Nanda, R. S., H. Meng, et al. (1990). "Growth changes in the soft tissue facial profile." The Angle Orthodontist 60(3): 177-190.
Niinimaki, S. and A. Karttunen (2006). Finnish facial tissue thickness study. Proceedings of the 22nd Nordic Archaeological Conference, University of Oulu, Gummerus Kirjapaino Oy.
Ogawa, H. (1960). "Anatomical study on the Japanese head by X-ray cephalometry." The Journal of the Tokyo Dental College Society [Shika Gakuho] 60: 17-34.
Phillips, V. M. and N. A. Smuts (1996). "Facial reconstruction: Utilization of computerized tomography to measure facial tissue thickness in a mixed racial population." Forensic Science International 83(1): 51-59.
Rhine, J. S. and H. R. Campbell (1980). "Thickness of facial tissues in American blacks." Journal of Forensic Sciences 25(4): 847-858.
Rhine, J. S. and C. E. Moore (1984). "Tables of facial tissue thickness of American Caucasoids in forensic anthropology." Maxwell Museum Technical Series 1.
Sahni, D., I. Jit, et al. (2002). "Preliminary study on facial soft tissue thickness by magnetic resonance imaging in Northwest Indians." Forensic Science Communications 4(1).
Sahni, D., Sanjeev, D. Singh, I. Jit and P. Singh (2008). "Facial soft tissue thickness in northwest Indian adults." Forensic Science International 176: 137-146.
Sarnas, K.-V. and B. Solow (1980). "Early adult changes in the skeletal and soft-tissue profile." European Journal of Orthodontics 2: 1-12.
Simpson, E. and M. Henneberg (2002). "Variation in soft-tissue thicknesses on the human face and their relation to craniometric dimensions." American Journal of Physical Anthropology 118: 121-133.
Smith, S. L. and P. H. Buschang (2001). "Midsagittal facial tissue thickness of children and adolescents from the Montreal growth study." Journal of Forensic Sciences 46(6): 1294-1302.
Smith, S. L. and G. S. Throckmorton (2006). "Comparability of radiographic and 3D-ultrasound measurements of facial midline tissue depths." Journal of Forensic Sciences 51(2): 244-247.
Stadtmuller, F. (1922). "Zur Beurteilung der plastischen Rekonstruktionsmethode der Physiognomie auf dem Schadel." Zeitschrift fur Morpholologie und Anthropologie 22: 337-372.
Stephan, C. N., R. M. Norris, et al. (2005). "Does sexual dimorphism in facial soft tissue depths justify sex distinction in craniofacial identification?" Journal of Forensic Sciences 50(3): 513-518.

Stephan, C. N. and E. K. Simpson (2008). "Facial soft tissue depths in craniofacial identification (part I): an analytical review of the published adult data." Journal of Forensic Sciences 53: 1257-1272.

Stephan, C. N. and E. K. Simpson (2008). "Facial soft tissue depths in craniofacial identification (part II): an analytical review of the published sub-adult data." Journal of Forensic Sciences 53: 1273-1279.

Suazo, G. I. C., L. M. Cantin, M. D. A. Zavando, R. F. J. Perez and M. S. R. Rorres (2008). "Comparisons in soft-tissue thicknesses on the human face in fresh and embalmed corpses using needle puncture method." International Journal of Morphology 26: 165-169.

Sutton, P. R. N. (1969). "Bizygomatic diameter: The thickness of the soft tissues over the zygions." American Journal of Physical Anthropology 30: 303-310.

Suzuki, H. (1948). "On the thickness of the soft parts of the Japanese face." J Anthropol Soc Nippon 60: 7-11.

Tedeschi-Oliveira, S. V., Melani, R. F. H., Haddad de Almeida, N., Saavedra de Paiva, L. A. (2009). "Facial soft tissue thickness of Braziallian adults". Forensic Science International 193: 127.e1-127.e7.

Utsuno, H., T. Kageyama, et al. (2005). "Facial soft tissue thickness in Japanese female children." Forensic Science International 152: 101-107.

Utsuno, H., T. Kageyama, T. Deguchi, Y. Umemura, M. Yoshino, et al. (2007). "Facial soft tissue thickness in skeletal type I Japanese children." Forensic Science International 172: 137-143.

Utsuno, H., et al. (2010). "Pilot study of facial soft tissue thickness differences among three skeletal classes in Japanese females". Forensic Science International. 195: 165.e1-165.e5.

Utsuno, H., et al. (2010). "Facial soft tissue thickness in Japanese children" Forensic Science International. 199: 109.e1-109.e6.

Vander Pluym, J., W. W. Shan, Z. Taher, C. Beaulieu, C. Plewes, et al. (2007). "Use of magnetic resonance imaging to measure facial soft tissue depth." Cleft Palate-Craniofacial Journal 44: 52-57.

Von Eggeling, H. (1909). Anatomische untersuchungen an den Kopfen con cier Hereros, einem Herero- und einem Hottentottenkind. Forschungsreise im westrichen und zentraien Sudafrika. Schultze. Jena, Denkschriften: 323-348.

Welcker, H. (1896). "Das Profil des menschlichen Schadels mit RontgenStrahlen am Lebenden dargestellt." Korrespondenz-Blatt der Deutschen Gesellschaft fur Anthropologie Ethnologie und Urgeschichte 27: 38-39.

Wilkinson, C. M. (2002). "In vivo facial tissue depth measurements for White British children." Journal of Forensic Sciences 47(3): 459-465.

Williamson, M. A., S. P. Nawrocki, et al. (2002). "Variation in midfacial tissue thickness of African-American children." Journal of Forensic Sciences 47(1): 25-31.

OTHER RELEVANT SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

Farkas, L. G. (1981). Anthropometry of the Head and Face in Medicine. Oxford, Elsevier.
Farkas, L. G. (1994). Anthropometry of the Head and Face. New York, Raven.
Inada, E., I. Saitah, H. Hayasaki, Y. Iwase, N. Kubota, Y. Tokemoto, C. Yamada, Y. Yamasaki (2009) "Relationship of nasal and skeletal landmarks in lateral cephalograms of preschool children." Forensic Science International 191: 111.e1-111.e4.
Kolar, J. C. and E. M. Salter (1997). Craniofacial Anthropometry. Springfield, Charles C Thomas.
Nomina Anatomica (1983). Baltimore, Williams & Wilkins.
Santamaría, J, .O. Cordón, S. Damas, J.M. García-Torres, A. Quirin (2009). "Performance Evaluation of Memetic Approaches in 3D Reconstruction of Forensic Objects." Soft Computing, 13: 883-904.
Sforza, C., G. Frandi, F. Catti, D. G. Tommasi, A. Ugolini and V. F. Ferrario (2009). "Age- and sex-related changes in the soft tissues of the orbital region." Forensic Science International 185: 115.e1-115.e8
Sforza, C., G. Grandi, M. Binelli, D. G. Tommasi, R. Rosati, V. F. Ferrario (2009). "Age- and sex-related changes in the normal human ear." Forensic Science International 187: 110.e1–110.e7.
Wilder, H. H. (1920). A laboratory Manual of Anthropometry. Philadelphia, P. Blakiston's Son & Co.
Williams, P. L., Ed. (1995). Gray's Anatomy. New York, Churchill Livingstone.

POPULAR / NON-SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

George, R. M. (2007). Facial Geometry: Graphic Facial Analysis for Forensic Artists. Springfield, Charles C Thomas.
Gerasimov, M. M. (1968). Ich Suchte Gesichter. Gutersloh, C. Bertelsmann Verlag.
Gibson, L. (2008). Forensic Art Essentials. Burlington, Elsevier.
Prag, J. and R. Neave (1997). Making Faces: Using Forensic and Archaeological Evidence. London, British Museum Press.
Taylor, K. T. (2001). Forensic Art and Illustration. Boca Raton, CRC Press.